



OMARS designs analysis, bridging the gap between screening and optimization experimental designs

NCS conference, 26th September 2024

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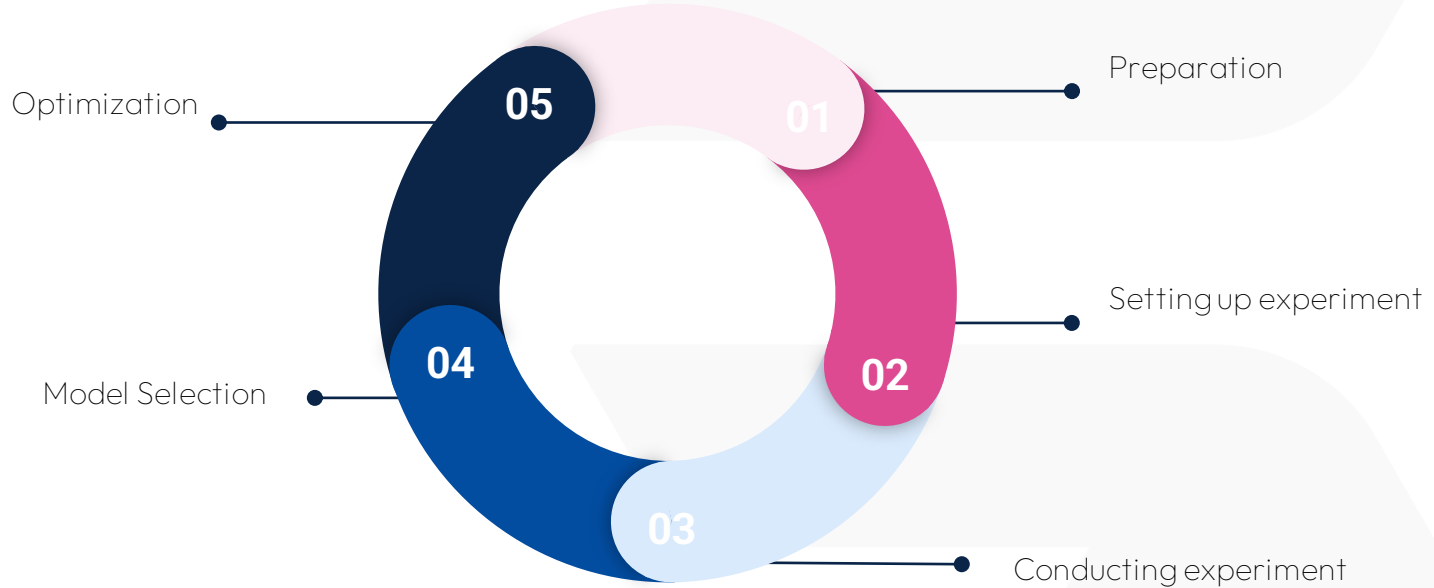


NCS

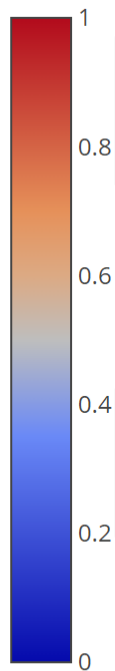
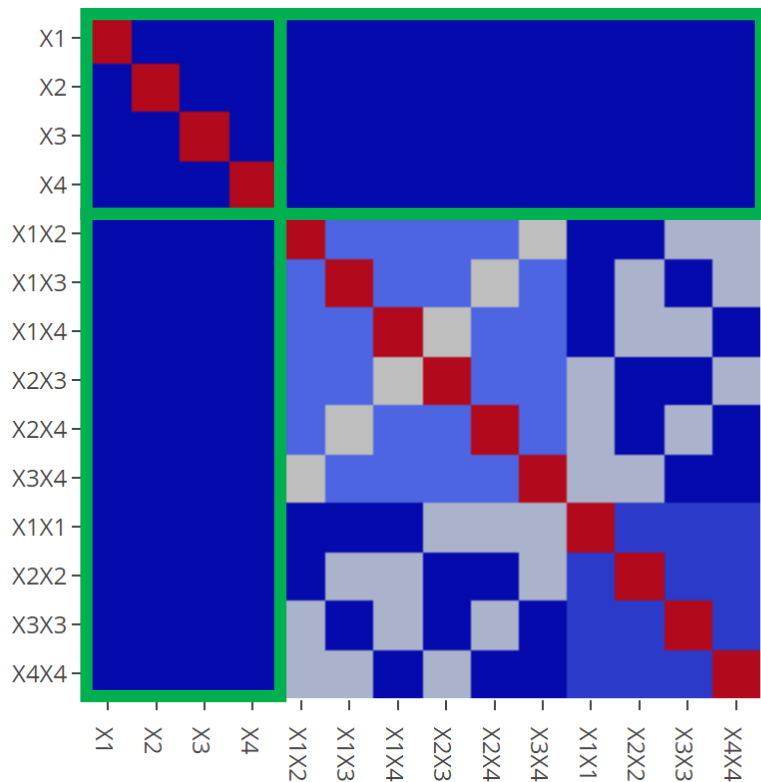
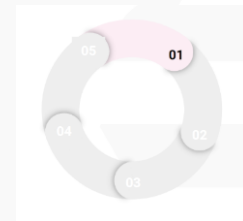
Non-Clinical
Statistics
Conference

Wiesbaden, DE / 25-27 September, 2024

The five phases of Design of Experiments



OMARS designs



Orthogonal

main effects estimated independently
from each other

Minimally Aliased

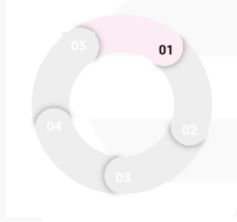
main effects estimated independently
from all second-order effects

Response Surface Designs

allow the estimation of a partial or
complete second-order effects model



Advantages of using OMARS designs

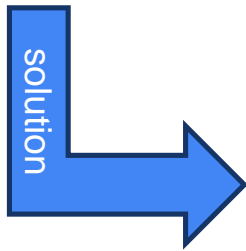


- Include more factors at a reduced cost (screening + optimization in one design)
- The catalog offers much flexibility in choosing a design.
- Balance power for estimating effects and prediction quality of the design.
- Solution to novel problems like a screening design in blocks with high power to detect quadratic effects.



Challenges of model selection

1. Identify the most important effects
2. Balance estimation/prediction quality of the model
3. Respect heredity
4. Avoid multicollinearity of effects in the model
5. Include knowledge of subject matter experts



All subset multiple linear regression

+

interactive graphs

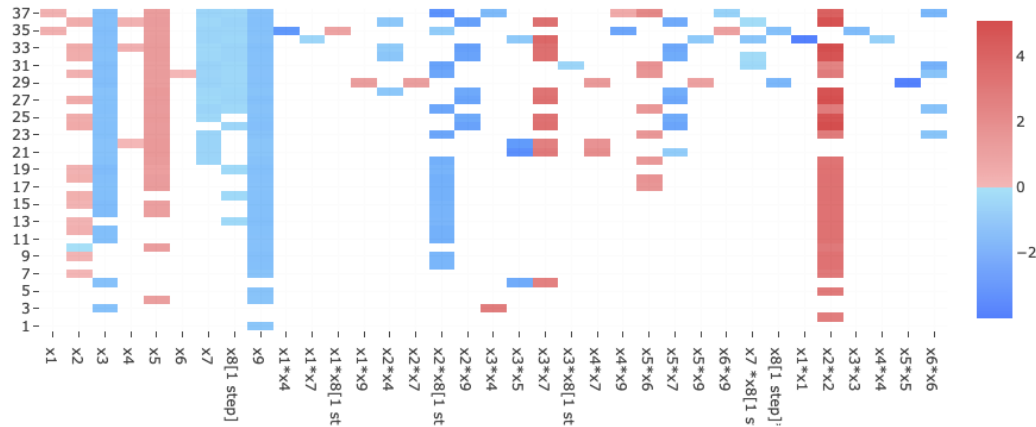


Interactive interface of the modeling results



y6 ▼ original ▼ [Get recommended model →](#)

Effects in the generated models rasterplot



Reveals the frequency in which effects appear in the models, and their magnitude



Example of multiple-response optimization



Response 1

Response 2

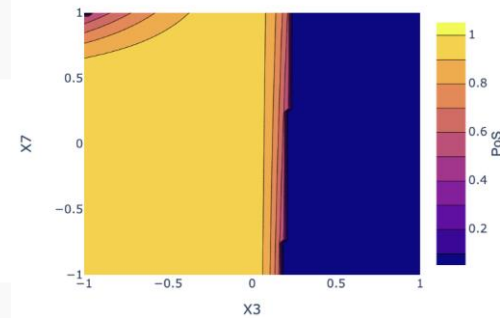
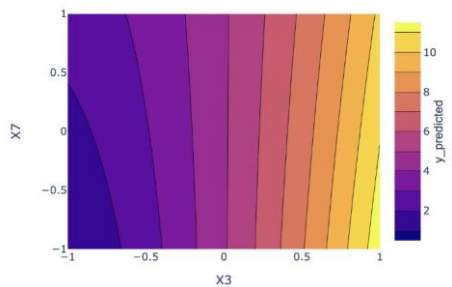
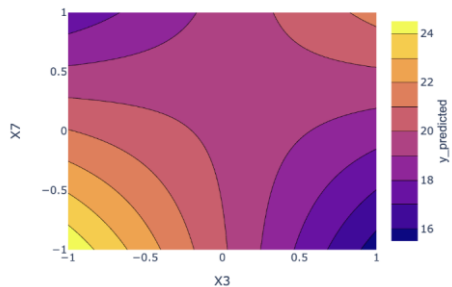
Responses 1& 2

Specifications

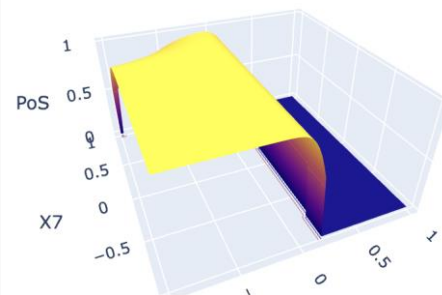
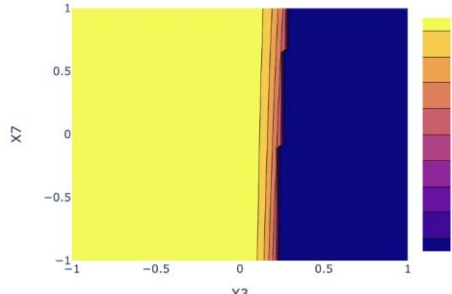
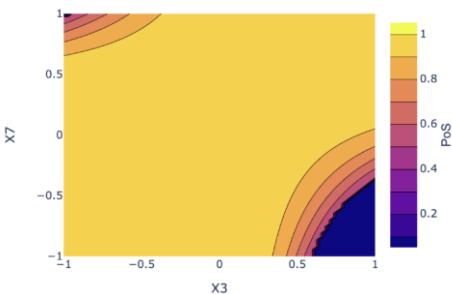
≥ 17.4

≤ 5.9

Prediction



Probability of success



Presented at ENBIS23 in Valencia

OMARS DOE

Tremendous impact of the very new and promising OMARS DOE in pharma industry for quicker access to new vaccines

Bernard G Franco, Pascal Gerkens

GSK

Pierre-Yves Vitry, Emilie Ansel, Laurent Ferrant



OMARS designs for Ambr250 system (GSK)



24 bioreactors (24 runs)

6 quantitative factors

Screening + optimization at once



Selected OMARS design

X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
			-1	1	0
			1	-1	1
			1	0	-1
			-1	1	1
			1	0	0
			1	0	0
					1
					-1
					1
					0
					0
		0			0
		0			0
		0			-1
	1	-1			1
	1	-1			-1
	1	-1	1		-1
			1		1
			1		-1
			-1		1
			-1		1
			-1		0
			1		0
			1		1

6 Process Parameters

Center Points X 2

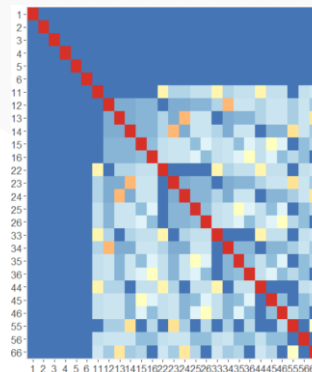
No Blocks

24 runs

3 replicate points (including the center point)

No blocks

High powers to detect two-factor interaction and quadratic effects



Orthogonality

Low average correlation



Conclusions

OMARS design allowed to screen 6 factors and optimize the productivity with just 24 tests

With the Ambr system, it was possible to do so in one week

The combination of the OMARS design and the Ambr system has saved time and resources



References

José Núñez Ares & Peter Goos (2020) Enumeration and Multicriteria Selection of Orthogonal Minimally Aliased Response Surface Designs, *Technometrics*, 62:1, 21–36, DOI: [10.1080/00401706.2018.1549103](https://doi.org/10.1080/00401706.2018.1549103)

José Núñez Ares, Eric Schoen & Peter Goos (2023) Orthogonal minimally aliased response surface designs for three-level quantitative factors and two-level categorical factors. *Statistica Sinica* 33:107–126. doi: [10.5705/ss.202020.0347](https://doi.org/10.5705/ss.202020.0347).

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