Sorting Cytokines Using Regression Methods and Decision Trees in Immunology Studies

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Outline

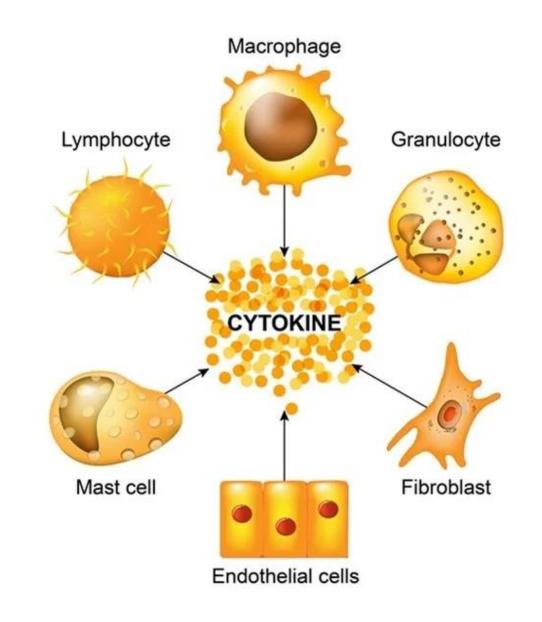
- Background
- 2 LPS Stimulation of Mouse Macrophages In Vitro
- Serum from Healthy Humans Challenged with LPS
- **Ex Vivo** Stimulation of Healthy Human Blood with LPS or TNF- α
- **G** Conclusion

Background

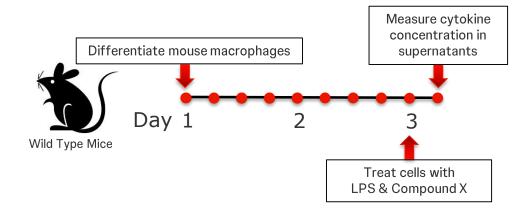


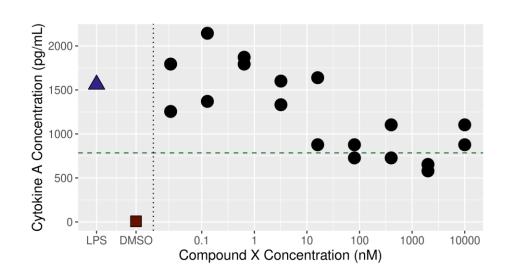
Cytokines and Why They Matter

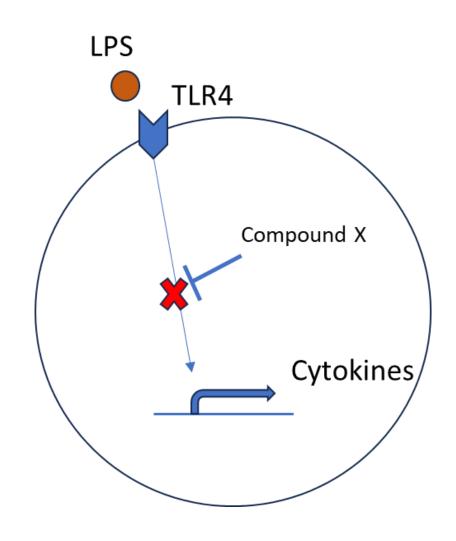
- ☐ Cytokines are an integral part of the immune system
 - ☐ Cytokines are proteins that act as "messengers" for the immune system
- ☐ The "messages" from certain cytokines (e.g., IL-6, TNF- α) can induce an unwanted pro-inflammatory response
- ☐ Stimulating and inhibiting the production or secretion of the correct cytokines is a common goal in immunology experiments



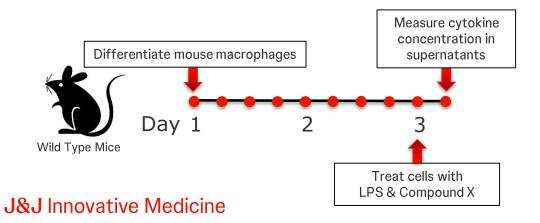
LPS Stimulation of Mouse Macrophages *In Vitro*



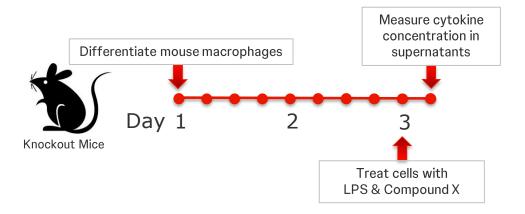




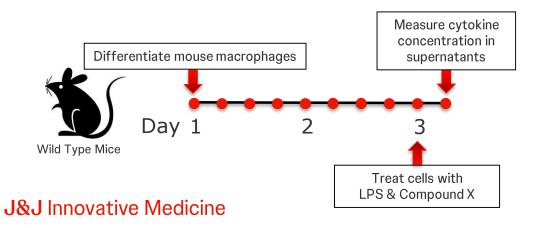
Wild Type Mice & Simultaneous



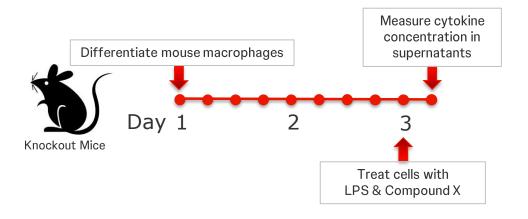
Knockout Mice & Simultaneous



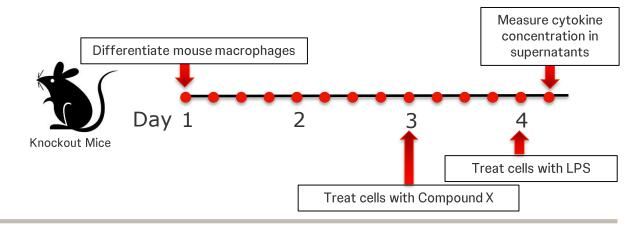
Wild Type Mice & Simultaneous



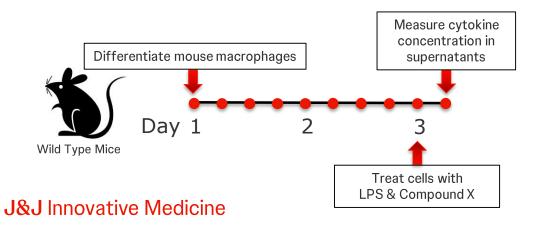
Knockout Mice & Simultaneous



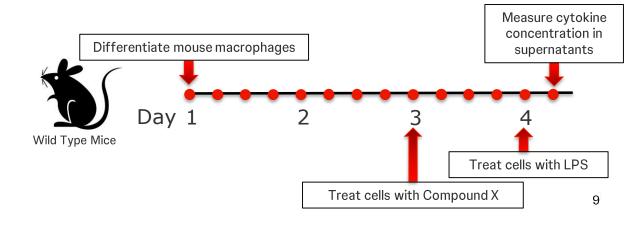
Knockout Mice & Preincubation



Wild Type Mice & Simultaneous



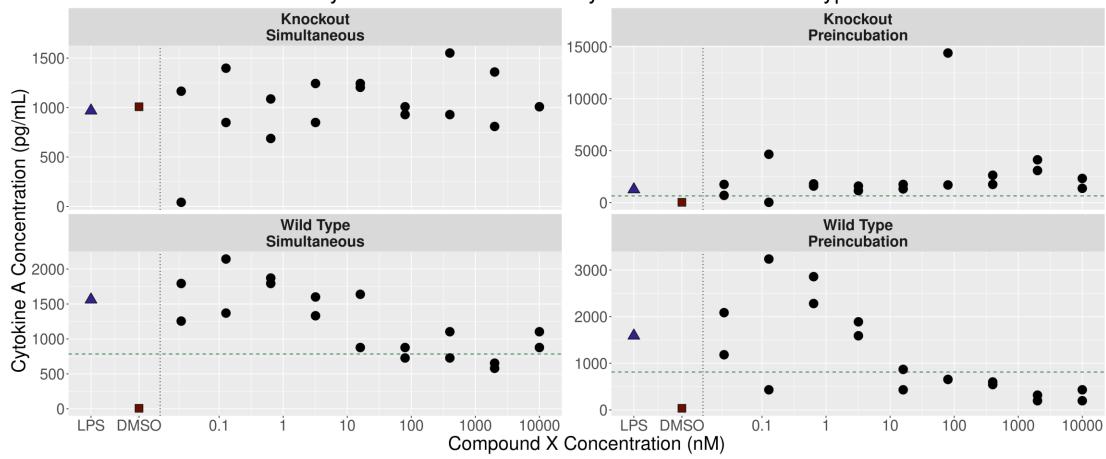
Wild Type Mice & Preincubation



Examine Concentration-Response Relationships

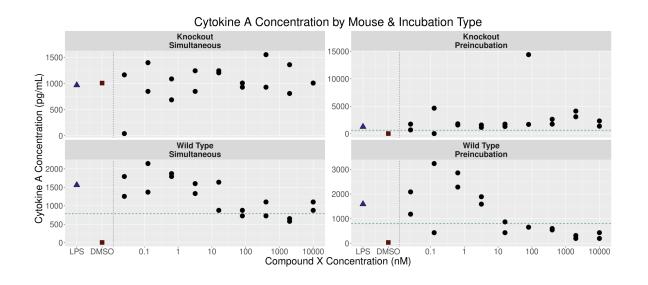
For Each Assay Condition

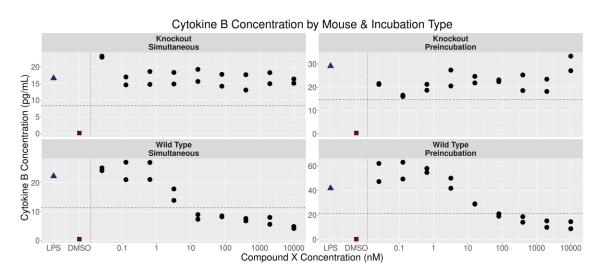


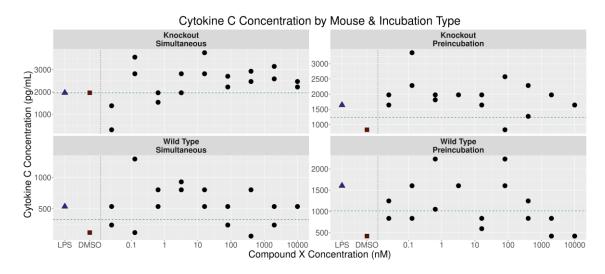


Examine Concentration-Response Relationships

For Each Assay Condition & Cytokine Combination







How can the concentration-response relationship be classified for each assay condition and cytokine combination?

Fit a robust 4 parameter logistic regression model or robust linear regression model



Check if the associated slope is negative; if slope comes from linear model check that it also has an associated p-value less than .05



Check whether the "bottom" parameter estimate is below center of the LPS/DMSO window

If (1) is false:
No Inhibition

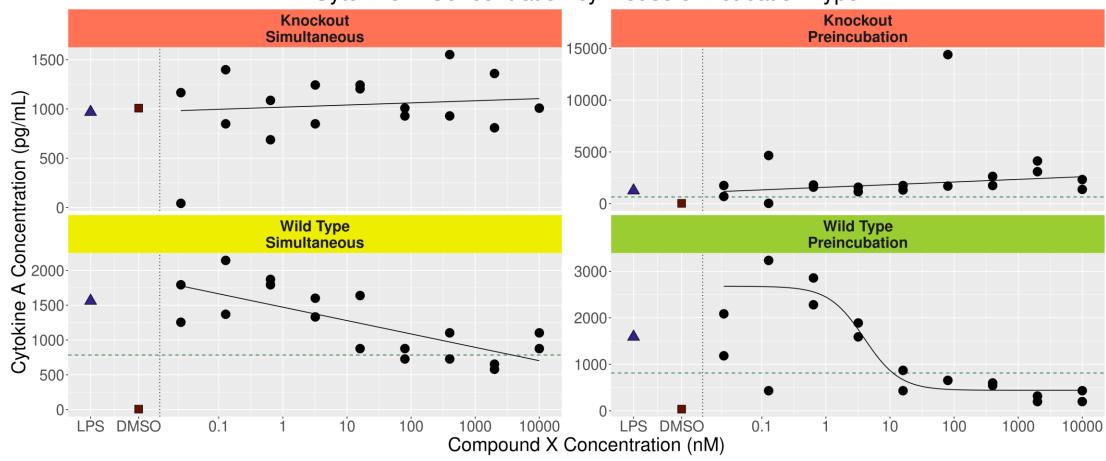
If (1) is true but
(2) is false:

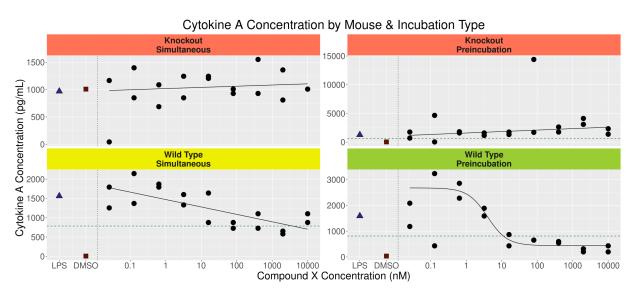
Partial Inhibition

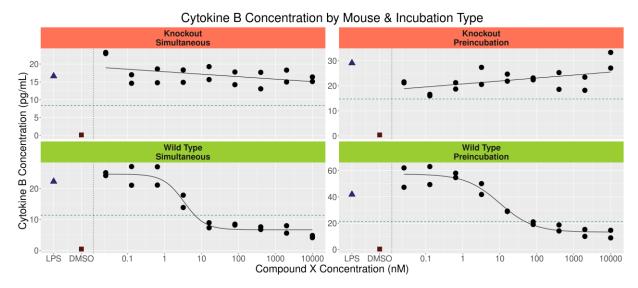
If (1) and (2) are both true:

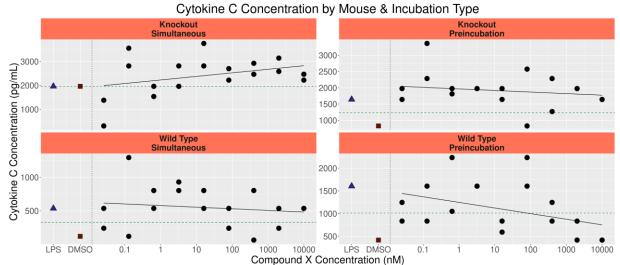
Inhibition

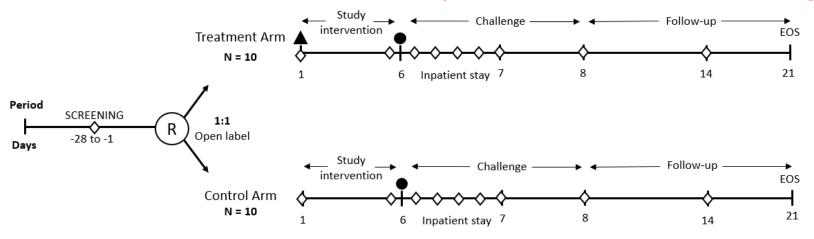






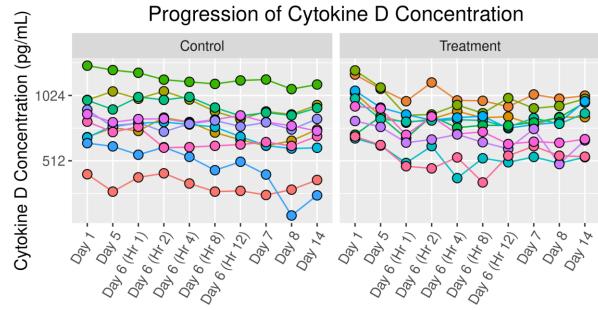


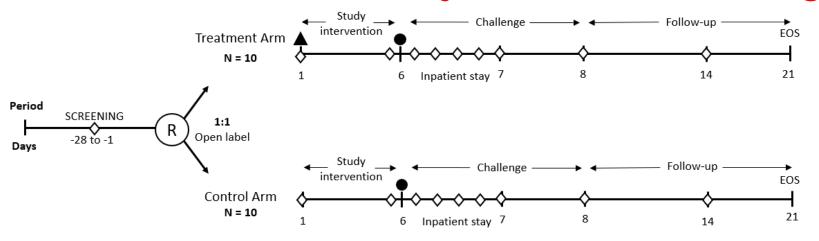




- □ Do we observe a difference in the concentration of certain cytokines?
 - ☐ Different in what way?

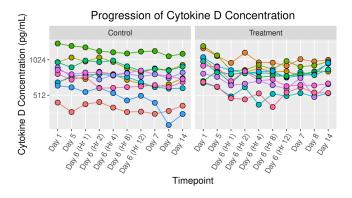
▲ = administer treatment; ● = administer LPS challenge; ♦ = biomarker assessments; EOS = end of study; N = number of participants; R = randomization.

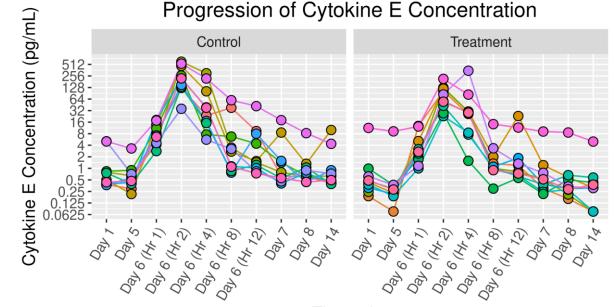


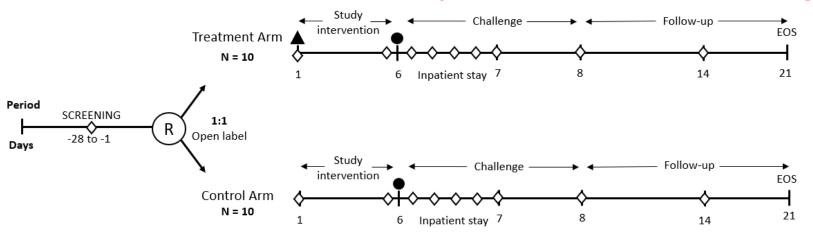


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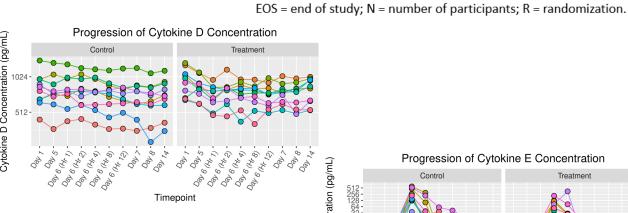


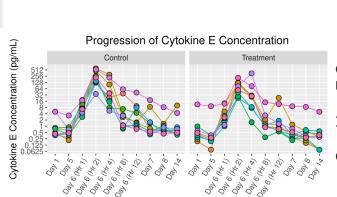


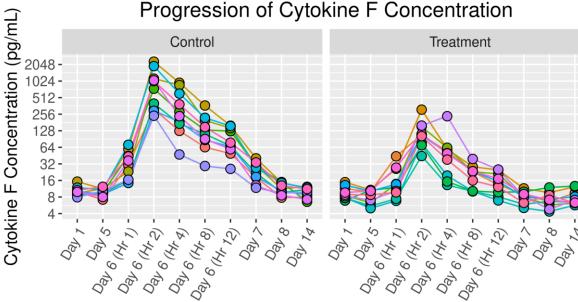


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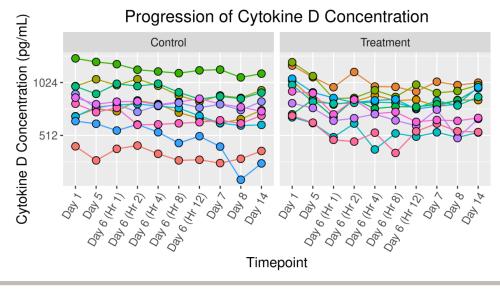


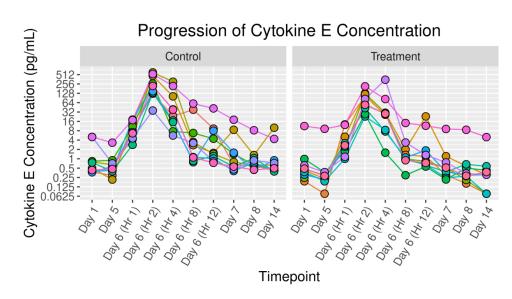


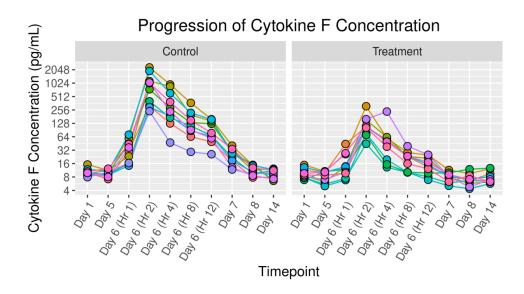


Cytokine Classification Problem

☐ Can this intuition be translated into an algorithm for cytokine classification?







How can the repeated-measures relationship be classified for each cytokine?

Fit a mixed-effects linear model and extract the estimated marginal (EM) means from the model results



Within the Control group, check the timepoint with the peak positive difference from the Day 1 timepoint and if this difference is significant (p < .05)



Check the timepoint with the peak positive difference between Treatment and Control arm and if this difference is significant (p < .05)

If (1) is false:
No Stimulation,
No Inhibition

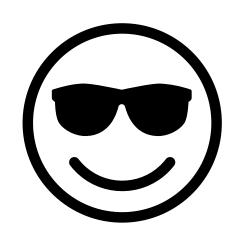
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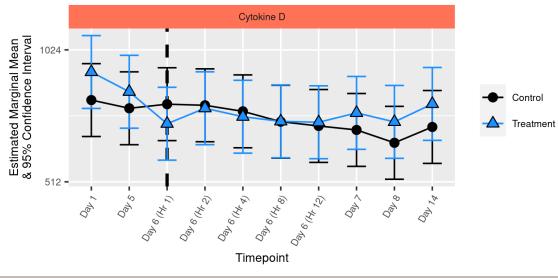
LPS Stimulation,
No Inhibition

If (1) and (2) are both true:

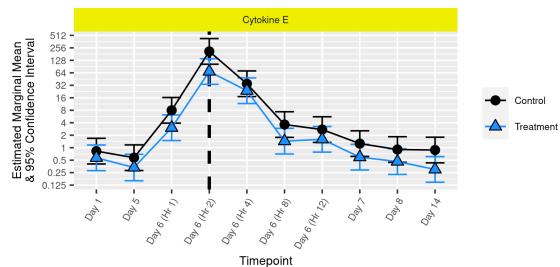
LPS Stimulation, Inhibition by Treatment

Estimated Marginal Means by Timepoint



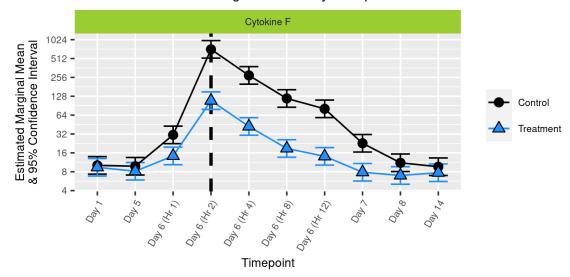


Estimated Marginal Means by Timepoint

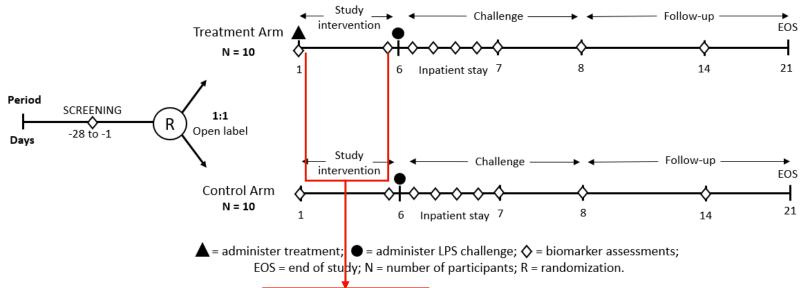


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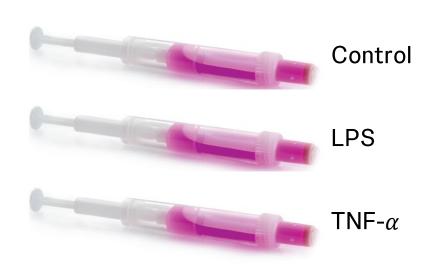
Estimated Marginal Means by Timepoint



Ex Vivo Stimulation of Healthy Human Blood with LPS or TNF-α



			_									
		Study Intervention		Challenge								
Period	Screening	Admin									Follow-up	
Visit	Screening	1		2						3	4	
Visit Schedule	Day -28	Day 1		Day 6 Day						Day	Day	Day
	to Day -1			7					7	8	14	
Visit Hour			Pre- challenge	0	1	2	4	8	12	24	48	
Visit Window			± 1 day t								± 3 hours	± 3 days
Study Procedure												
Biomarkers ¹								_				
TruCulture (LPS ex vivo stimulation)		X n	X n									
TruCulture (TNFα ex vivo stimulation)		X ⁿ	X n									



		Study Intervention		Challenge								
Period	Screening	Admin			Day 6 Day Day Day 7 8 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			w-up				
Visit	Screening	1				2					3	4
Visit Schedule	Day -28 to Day -1	Day 1			Day	y 6				Day 7	_	Day 14
Visit Hour			Pre- challenge	0	1	2	4	8	12	24	48	
Visit Window			± 1 day ^t									± 3 days
Study Procedure												
Biomarkers 1												
TruCulture (LPS ex vivo stimulation)		X n	X n									
TruCulture (TNFα ex vivo stimulation)		X n	X n									

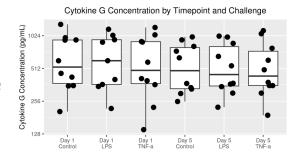


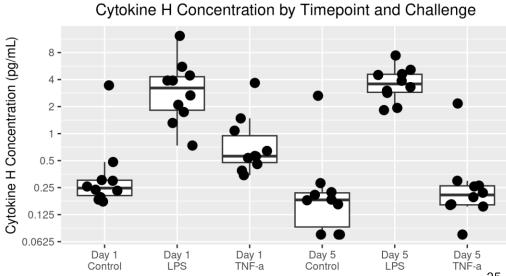
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Visit	Screening	1		2						3	4	
Visit Schedule	Day -28 to Day -1	Day 1		Day 6 Day 7						Day 8	Day 14	
Visit Hour			Pre- challenge	0	1	2	4	8	12	24	48	
Visit Window			± 1 day t								± 3 hours	± 3 days
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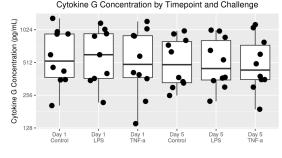


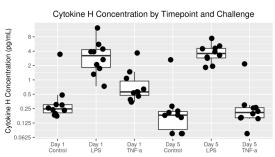


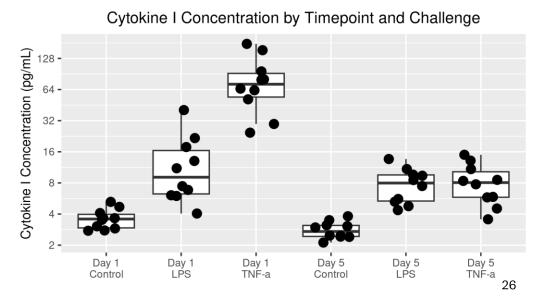
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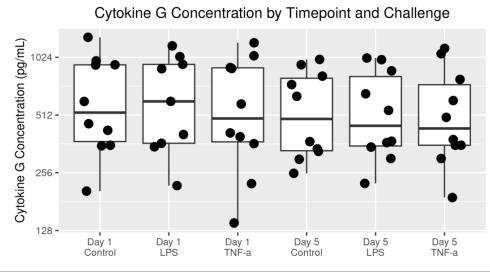


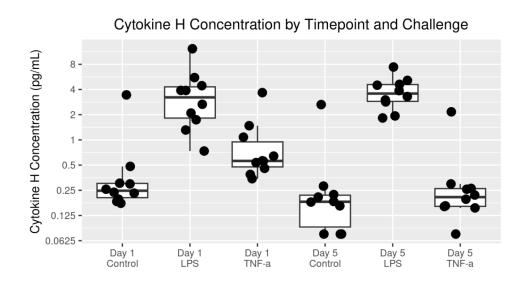


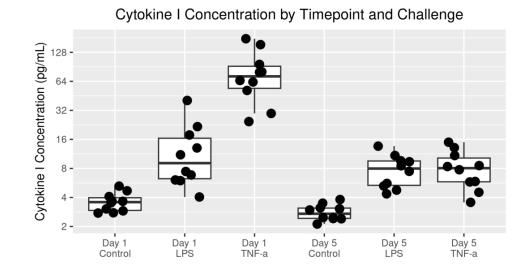
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Cytokine Classification Problem

☐ Can this intuition be translated into an algorithm for cytokine classification?

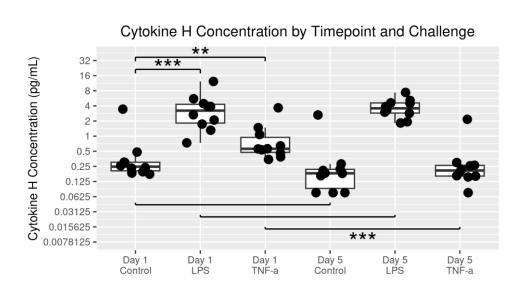


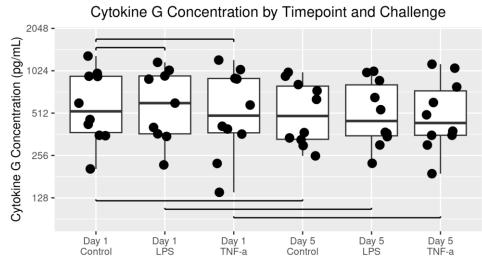


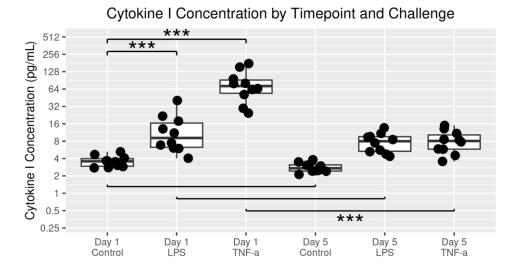


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- ☐ Fit a mixed-effects linear model, examine EM means & classify via:
 - \square LPS or TNF- α stimulation on day 1?
 - ☐ Difference between day 5 and day 1 for any group?







Conclusion



Conclusion



Creative solutions are needed to identify differential human cytokine responses to immune challenges



Classification algorithms have limitations (e.g., defining the "right" classes, "problem" items that don't fit in classes, etc.) but can still be useful



Biological relevance matters more than statistical significance, so effective collaboration with scientists is the most important factor

Thank you



If you have more questions, please contact: Traymon Beavers tbeaver2@jnj.com

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